

Recommended Online Resources

These online sources may contain primary documentation that can be used to reference your ancestral lineage in the society. The society requires primary sources as supporting documentation.

<https://sarpatriots.sar.org/>
www.familysearch.org

www.ancestry.com (\$)
www.fold3.com (\$)
www.genealogybank.com (\$)

See our website for further information regarding our organization, go to www.mdssar.org

Recommended Resource Centers

SAR National Headquarters
Louisville, KY
www.sar.org

Maryland Center Historical
Baltimore, MD
<https://www.mdhistory.org/>

Maryland State Archives
Annapolis, MD
<https://msamaryland400.wordpress.com>

Daughters of the American Revolution
Washington, DC
www.dar.org



Maryland Society Sons of the American Revolution



*Founded April 20, 1889
At Annapolis, Maryland*



www.mdssar.org

Membership Information

Contact Information

If interested in membership, please contact:

registrar@mdssar.org



George Washington's historic resignation returning control to the civil authorities at Annapolis in 1783

The SAR accepts males only, if you wish to join the Daughters of the American Revolution, please contact them at www.dar.org. We also encourage you to enroll your children in the Children of the American at www.nscar.org

SAR Insignia

The SAR Badge consists of a Maltese cross in white enamel with a gold ball at each of the eight points and a gold medallion in the center bearing the bust of George Washington in profile surrounded by the motto "Libertas et Patria" on the obverse and the figure of a minuteman surrounded by the legend "Sons of the American Revolution" on the reverse. The cross is surrounded by a wreath of laurel and surmounted by a golden eagle and suspended from a ribbon by a golden ring. It is based on the badges of the Military Order of Saint Louis, founded by King Louis XIV in 1693 to honor faithful military service, and the Legion of Honor founded by Napoleon in 1803 to reward public service, civil as well as military. The membership insignia is suspended from a white, yellow and blue ribbon representing the colors of the uniform of George Washington. Chapter and State Presidents only may wear this insignia suspended from a neck ribbon as a sign of their current or past office.

PURPOSE

The purposes of our society are manifold – we are a patriotic, historical, and educational organization devoted to the following goals:

Americanism – Carrying out the purposes of the Preamble of the Constitution, Following the injunctions of Washington's farewell address to the American people.

Historical Research – Encouraging historical research of the American Revolution, Preserving the records of Revolutionary War Patriots.

Educational – Maintaining and extending the institutions of American freedom, Inspiring the community with a reverence for the principles of government founded by our forefathers.

Patriotic – Marking the locations of the Revolution: its events and its soldiers, Celebrating anniversaries of the Revolution, Fostering true patriotism, Promoting fellowship among their descendants,

Ancestral – Perpetuating the memory of Revolutionary War Patriots through the accumulation of genealogical records on our members' ancestry back to the Patriots.

MEMBERSHIP REQUIREMENTS

The member rosette colors represent the colors of George Washington's uniform.



Regular Membership: Any male 18 years or older who proves descent from a person who with Acceptable Service and who is deemed acceptable to our society. Regular

members vote and hold office in the SAR and receive the *SAR Magazine*.



Junior Membership: Any male from birth to age 18 years who also qualifies.



Supplemental Ancestors:

Our Society also encourages its members to submit additional applications on their other Patriot ancestors. For each additional proven

supplemental ancestor, the SAR member may wear the gold supplemental star. For each additional five supplemental ancestors, the 5-star can be worn as a badge of honor in our Society.



ACCEPTABLE SERVICE

For Membership, acceptable service includes civil, military, naval, or other patriotic service in support of the American Revolutionary cause of Independence including but not limited to the following:

Civil

- Civil service under the Colonies from April 19, 1775, to November 26, 1783, inclusive.
- Members of all Continental Congress.
- Signer of Declaration of Independence.
- Member of committees made necessary by the war; such as Committee of Correspondence, Inspection and Safety; Committee to care for soldiers' families; including Committees from six months before the Battle of Point Pleasant which furthered the cause of the Colonies.

Military

- Battle of Point Pleasant, October 10, 1774.
- Ft. William and Mary, December 14-15, 1774
- Military or naval service from April 19, 1775, to Nov. 26, 1783
- Defenders of forts and frontiers; rangers.
- Prisoners of war, including those on the British ship, "Old Jersey," and other prison ships.
- Military from an Allied Country – Spain, France, Sweden.
- Furnishing a substitute for military service.

Patriotic

- Any pledge to support the cause of the Colonies, such as signing the Oath of Fidelity and Support, the Oath of Allegiance, Articles of Association, or the Association Test.
- Signers of Bush (MD) Declaration Mar. 22, 1775, Mecklenburg (NC) Declaration May 20, 1775; and similar declarations. Signers of petitions addressed to and recognizing the authority of the provisional and new state governments.
- Persons accepting obligations or acting under direction of the provisional and new state governments, such as persons directed to hold elections, to oversee road construction, to collect provisions, etc.
- Members of Boston Tea Party 1773; Edenton Tea Party 1774, Cherokee Expedition 1776, Kaskaskia Campaign 1778, and Galvez Expedition 1778;
- Physician, surgeon, nurse, or others rendering aid to the wounded, and ministers known to be in sympathy with the Colonies, either by sermon, speech, or action.
- Rendering material aid, such as furnishing supplies with or without remuneration; lending money to the Colonies, munitions makers, and gunsmiths; or anything which furthered the Cause.

Refer to National SAR Form #910 for more complete and current list of acceptable services or at our National website www.sar.org.

HISTORY

The Maryland Society of the Sons of the American Revolution was established on April 20, 1889 at Annapolis MD on the anniversary the Battle of Lexington and Concord (April 19, 1775).



Our National Society was organized on April 30, 1889 -- the 100th anniversary of the inauguration of George Washington as our nation's first President under the new constitution. Maryland has 15 chapters that cover all 23 counties. We welcome your inquiry to join our membership ranks.

The National Society was chartered by an Act of the United States Congress on June 9, 1906 signed by President Theodore Roosevelt who was a member of the SAR. It authorizes the granting of charters to the various states and territories and authorizes the state societies to have chapters within their borders.

ACTIVITIES

Our society conducts numerous activities annually including placement of monuments and markers to honor historic places, events and people; research the famous Maryland 400 Troops; and holding meetings and events to continue the fellowship of descendants of the Patriots.

